

Map MEDIA SPOTLIGHT For Teachers

### Community Map

Oblique Birds'-Eye View

For the complete maps with media resources, visit: http://education.nationalgeographic.com/education/maps/community-map/

Students in early elementary commonly draw their view of the world using the perspective seen in this map. Students can use maps with this perspective to begin to learn spatial concepts such as identity, location, and symbols. They should be given opportunities to practice with maps of familiar places, like a community. At this age, symbols should represent an object or place in the real world and be a recognizable icon to students. Abstract, unrelated symbols are not understood well at this age. Use the text and prompts below to explore the provided community map with students.

### Try This!

A community is a place where people live, work, and have fun together. Look at this map of a community. It shows residential and business areas and some of the main streets and buildings in the community. It includes a map key with symbols.

Community buildings provide services for everyone who lives in the community. For example, everyone can borrow books from the library. Look at the map key to find the symbol for the library. Find the library on the map. What other places on the map provide services for the community?

#### Prompts:

- Name two streets that have a lot of houses.
- What does the paper bag symbol mean?
- This community has one bank. Find the bank on the map.
- Find the post office. Where is it located?
- Find the police station. Between what types of buildings is it located?
- In what direction would you travel to get from the post office to the farm?

#### FOR FURTHER EXPLORATION

#### **Books**

• Sobel, David. Mapmaking With Children: Sense of Place Education for the Elementary Years. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. 1998.



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East

South



Map MEDIA SPOTLIGHT For Teachers

### **Neighborhood Map**

Oblique Birds'-Eye View

For the complete maps with media resources, visit: http://education.nationalgeographic.com/education/maps/neighborhood-map/

Students in early elementary commonly draw their view of the world using the perspective seen in this map. Students can use maps with this perspective to begin to learn spatial concepts such as identity, location, and symbols. They should be given opportunities to practice with maps of familiar places, like a neighborhood. At this age, symbols should represent an object or place in the real world and be a recognizable icon to students. Abstract, unrelated symbols are not understood well at this age. Use the text and prompts below to explore the provided neighborhood map with students.

#### Try This!

A neighborhood is a section of a town or city. Look at this map of a neighborhood. It shows residential and business areas and some of the main streets and buildings in the neighborhood.

Symbols on a map are drawings that stand for real things. This map doesn't have a key. How can you tell what the drawings mean?

#### Prompts:

- Find the grocery store. Where is it located?
- What street has no houses on it?
- The school is at the corner of two streets. What streets are they?
- Find the pet store. Between what types of buildings is it located?
- This neighborhood has a tall apartment building. Find it on the map.

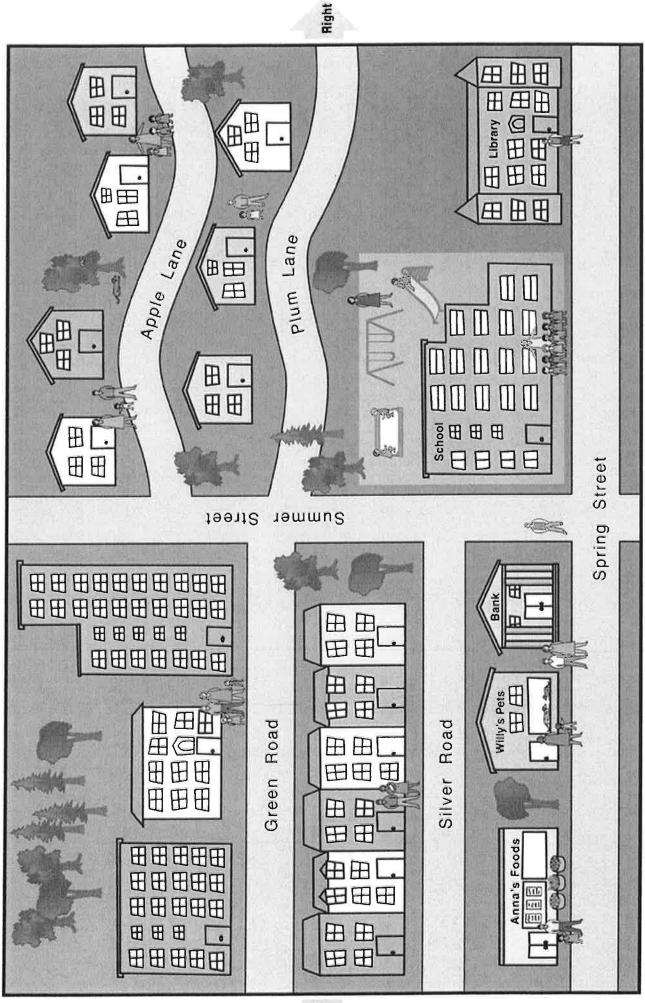
#### FOR FURTHER EXPLORATION

#### Books

• Sobel, David. Mapmaking With Children: Sense of Place Education for the Elementary Years. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann, 1998.

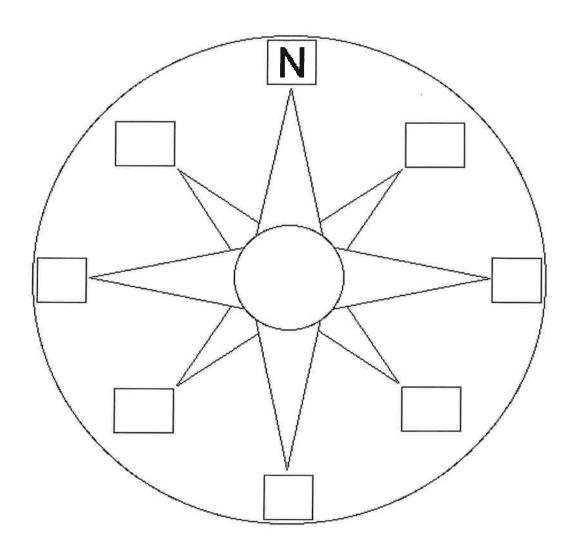


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### **Compass Rose**

A compass rose is a design on a map that shows directions. It shows north, south, east, west, northeast, northwest, southeast, and southwest.



On the compass rose above, only north is filled in.

Fill in the rest of the directions on the compass rose, using the standard abbreviations:

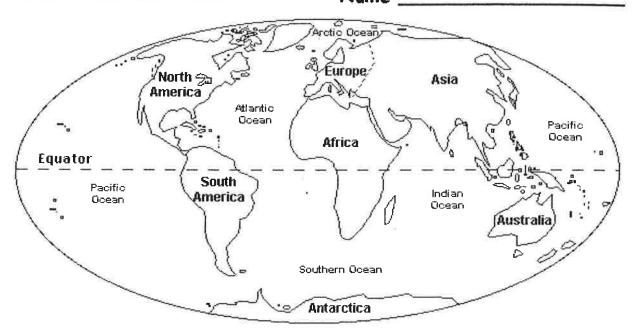
N=North, S=South, E=East, W=West, NE=Northeast, NW=Northwest, SE=Southeast, SW=Southwest.

HINTS: When north is at the top of the compass rose (as it often is), south is at the bottom, east is on the right, and west is on the left. Northeast is between north and east, northwest is between north and west, southeast is between south and east, and southwest is between south and west.

### **Continents**

Follow the instructions below.

Name



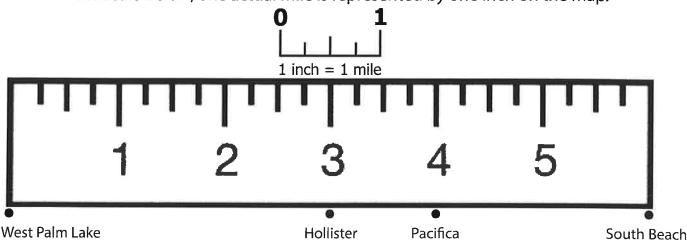
- 1. Color the continent of Africa green.
- 2. Color the continent of Antarctica white.
- 3. Color the continent of Asia yellow.
- 4. Color the continent of Europe red.
- 5. Color the continent of Australia brown.
- 6. Color the continent of North America orange.
- 7. Color the continent of South America pink.
- 8. How many continents are there?
- 9. Color the equator (a line) black.
- 10. Color the oceans blue.
- 11. I live on the continent of

### **Using a Map Scale**

Maps use a scale to show sizes and distances in a way that people can understand.

A scale compares actual distance on the ground to distance on the map.

On the scale below, one actual mile is represented by one inch on the map.



- 1. How many miles is it between West Palm Lake and South Beach?
- 2. How many miles is it between Hollister and South Beach?
- 3. How many miles is it between Pacifica and West Palm Lake?

- 4. How many miles is it between Medford and Belleville?
- 5. How many miles is it between Orangeville and Linn?
- 6. How many miles is it between Belleville and Orangeville?

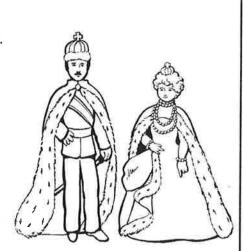
### Royal Castle Floor Plan

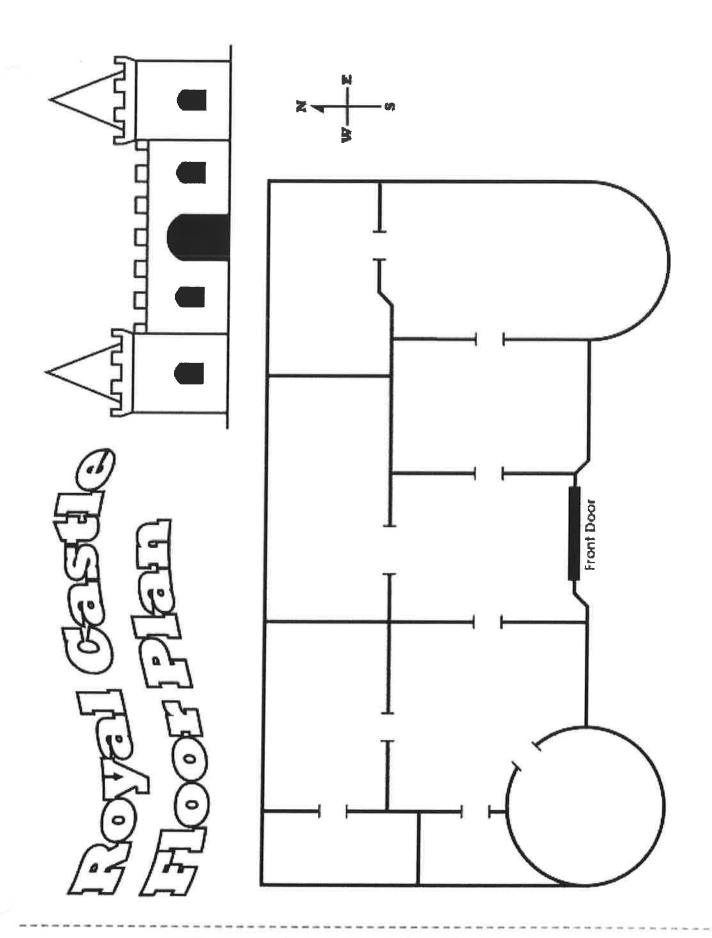
Write your name at the top of the Royal Castle Floor Plan map and follow the directions below.

- 1. When you enter the castle through the front door, you are in the living room. Label this room LIVING ROOM and draw a sofa in it.
- 2. As you walk to the east from the living room, you enter the royal TV room. Label this room TV ROOM and draw a television in it.
- 3. The largest room in the castle is the Queen's bedroom.

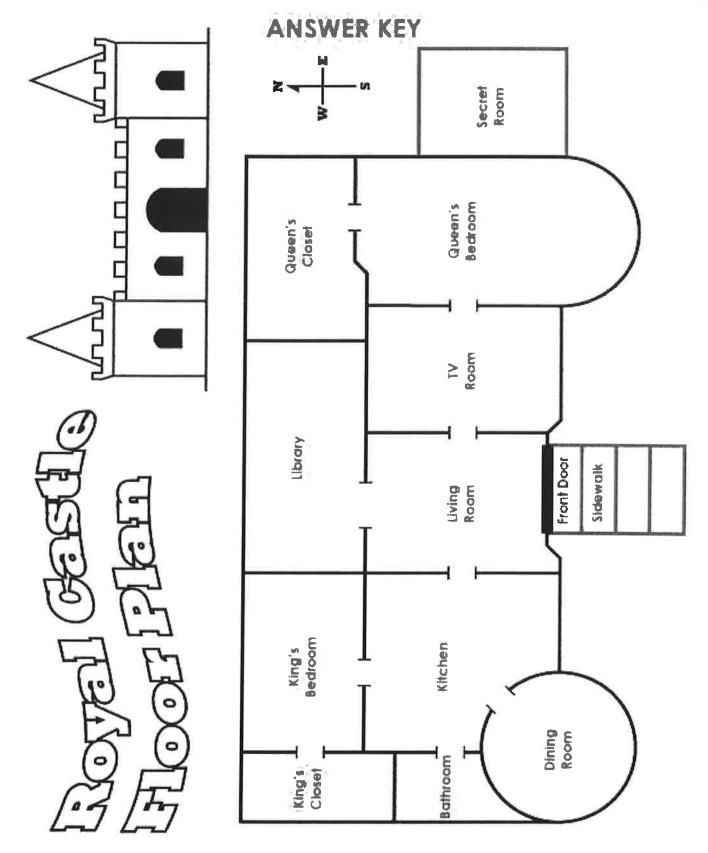
  Label this room QUEEN'S BEDROOM and draw a bed in it.
- **4.** Directly north of the Queen's bedroom is the queen's closet. Label this room QUEEN'S CLOSET and draw a dress in it.
- 5. Directly west of the Queen's closet is the library. Label this room LIBRARY and draw a book in it.
- 6. The smallest room in the castle is the bathroom.

  Label this room BATHROOM and draw a bathtub in it.
- 7. Directly east of the bathroom is the kitchen.
  Label this room KITCHEN and draw a stove and refrigerator.
- 8. The dining room is shaped like a circle.
  Label this room DINING ROOM and draw a table in it.
- 9. If you walk north from the kitchen, you enter the King's bedroom. Label this room KING'S BEDROOM and draw a bed in it.
- 10. If you're in the King's bedroom and look to the west, you'll see the King's closet. Label this room KING'S CLOSET and draw a shirt in it.
- 11. Outside the castle, just south of the front door, is a sidewalk. Draw the sidewalk leading up to the front door.
- 12. The King and Queen decide to build a secret room in their castle. They will hide their jewels in this room. It will be a small room that is directly east of the queen's bedroom. Draw the secret room and label it SECRET ROOM. Draw a crown in this room.





Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

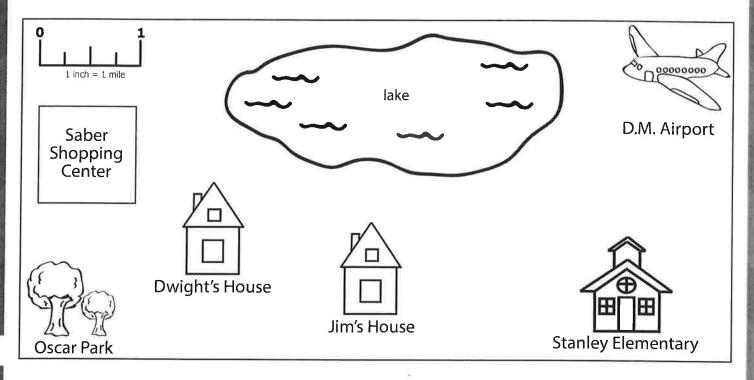


Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

### What is the Distance?

Use a ruler and map scale to determine the distance between objects.

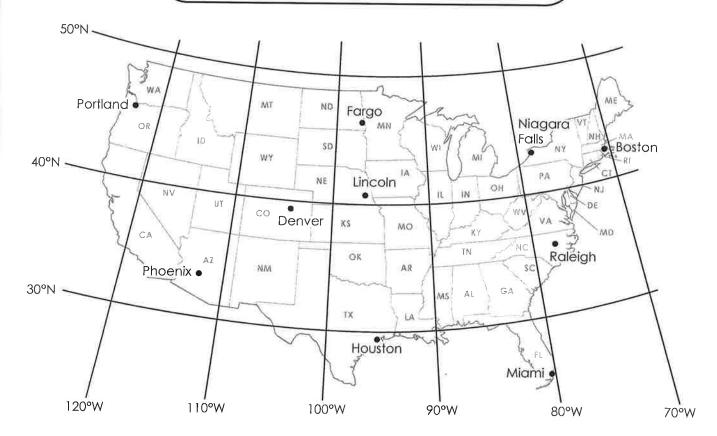
Remember that the scale is 1 inch = 1 mile.



- 1. About how many miles is it from Jim's house to Stanley Elementary?
- 2. About how many miles is between Oscar Park and the D.M. Airport?
- 3. About how many inches is it from Dwight's House to the D.M. Airport?
- 4. About how far is Oscar Park from the lake?
- 5. About how far is it from the Saber Shopping Center to Stanley Elementary?
- 6. About how many miles are between Jim's House and the D.M. Airport?
- 7. What's the distance between Oscar Park and Stanley Elementary?
- 8. About how many miles are between Jim's House and Dwight's House?
- 9. About how far is it from the lake to Stanley Elementary?

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Latitude and Longitude

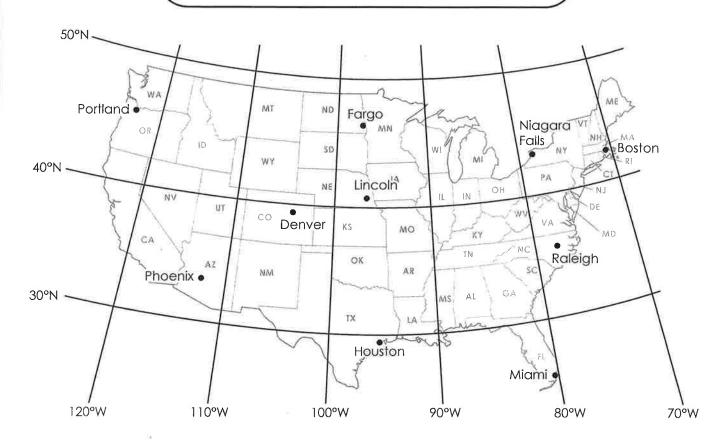


Write the name of the city and state found at the given latitude and longitude coordinates.

- 1. 33°N latitude, 112°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. 35°N latitude, 78°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. 46°N latitude, 96°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. 45°N latitude, 122°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. 29°N latitude, 95°W longitude
- 6. 43°N latitude, 79°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. 25°N latitude, 80°W longitude

### **ANSWER KEY**

### Latitude and Longitude

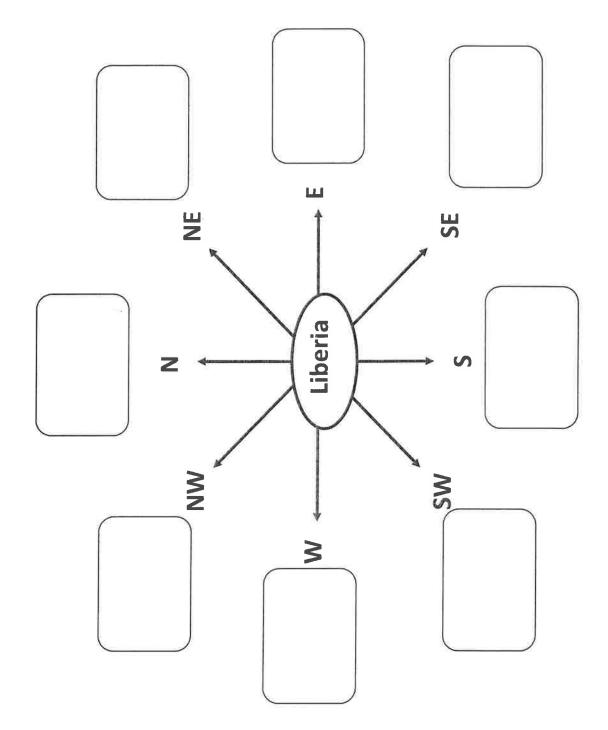


Write the name of the city and state found at the given latitude and longitude coordinates.

- 1. 33°N latitude, 112°W longitude Phoenix, Arizona
- 2. 35°N latitude, 78°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_ Raleigh, North Carolina
- 3. 46°N latitude, 96°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_ Fargo, North Dakota
- 4. 45°N latitude, 122°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_\_ Portland, Oregon
- 5. 29°N latitude, 95°W longitude Houston, Texas
- 6. 43°N latitude, 79°W longitude Niagara Falls, New York
- 7. 25°N latitude, 80°W longitude \_\_\_\_\_ Miami, Florida

# Compass Rose Map: Liberia

For each direction in the compass rose, list geographical features that are located that direction from Liberia.



### Label the Continents Work with a partner

Read the definitions, and then label the map

### □Africa

A continent that crosses the equator. It is south of Europe and is bordered by the Atlantic and Indian Oceans.

### □ Antarctica

The continent that surrounds the South Pole of the Earth.

### □Asia

A continent in the Northern Hemisphere. Asia is attached to Europe (and east of it).

### □ Australia

A continent, an island, and a country in the Southern Hemisphere.

### □Equator

An imaginary line that divides the Earth into Northern and Southern Hemispheres.

### □ Europe

A continent in the Northern Hemisphere. Europe is attached to Asia (and west of it).

# □ North America

A continent in the Northern Hemisphere; it is north of South America. It is bordered by the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

## □ North Pole

The point that is the farthest north on Earth.

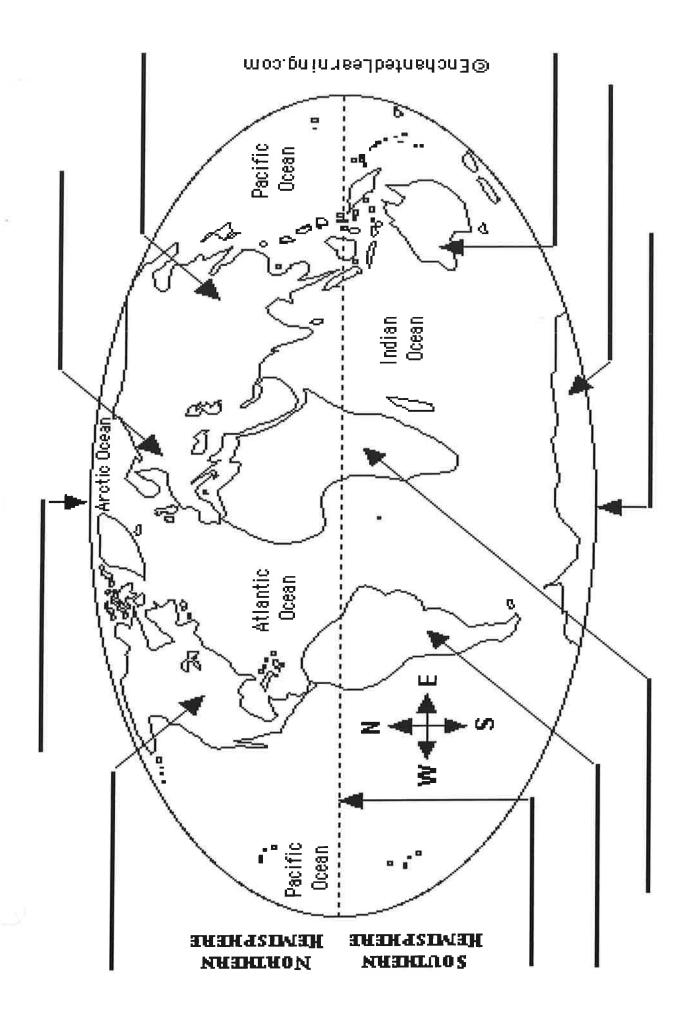
# South America

A continent that is mostly in the Southern Hemisphere. It is bordered by the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

# South Pole

The point that is the farthest south on Earth

Where are Brazil, Liberia, Norway and Russia located? On the map, write a B for Brazil, L for Liberia, N for Norway and R for Russia.



### **Getting Geographic**

### **Understanding Time Zones**

Is it really tomorrow in Tokyo? Understanding time zones is an important, but challenging concept for many students.

The need for standard time zones emerged with the spread of high speed transportation systems – first trains and later airplanes. In 1884, delegates from twenty seven countries met in Washington, DC at the Meridian Conference and agreed on a system of time zones that is essentially the one we still use today.

Time zones are based on the fact that Earth moves through 15 degrees of longitude each hour. Therefore, there are 24 standard time zones (24 hours x 15°=360°). Time zones are counted from the Prime Meridian (0° longitude), which runs through Greenwich, England. Each time zone is based on a central meridian, counted at 15° intervals from the Prime Meridian, and extends 7½° to either side of the central meridian. For example, New York City lies in the zone of the 75°W central meridian, and the time zone includes all locations between 67½°W and 82½°W.

#### Constructing a Time Zone Model

Distribute copies of the Activity #10 Handout to each student and instruct, as follows:

- a) Turn the paper sideways so that the "holes" are at the top.
- b) Use a colored pencil to trace over the line at the center of the paper and label this line "Prime Meridian.
- c) Label the lines to the right (East) at 15° intervals up to 180°. Repeat to the left (West). Point out that each line represents one hour. Students should count hours plus to the east and minus to the west on their charts.
- d) Use an atlas to determine the longitude of Stockton, CA and have students place a dot in the correct time zone on the chart.
- e) Use an atlas to determine the longitude of Beijing China, Baghdad Iraq, St. Petersburg Russia, Oslo Norway, Monrovia Liberia and Rio De Janeiro Brazil and have students place a dot in the correct time zone on the chart.
- e) Use the chart (i.e., count the lines) to determine the time in each location labeled on the chart. Remind students that the new day begins when they pass midnight.
- f) If it is 2pm on Monday in Stockton, CA what time will it be in Tokyo Japan? (7am Tuesday in Tokyo) So it really is tomorrow in Tokyo!

#### **Extending the Activity**

- a) Explain that some countries adjust time zones for political reasons. Have students research actual time zones that vary from the model they have made (e.g., Australia, China, India, Liberia).
- b) Have students research "daylight saving time."

Activity #10-HANDOUT

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World Latitude and	Longitude	NAME
Activity		NAME

Using the world longitude and latitude map printout, answer the following questions and mark the locations.

- 1. Draw a red line along the equator (0 degrees latitude).
- 2. Draw a purple line along the Prime Meridian (0 degrees longitude).
- 3. In which ocean is the location 10 degrees S latitude, 75 degrees E longitude located? Mark it on the map with a blue "X" and write the name of the ocean.
- 4. In which ocean is the location 30 degrees N latitude, 60 degrees W longitude located? Mark it on the map with a blue "Y" and write the name of the ocean.
- 5. Mark the following cities on the map in red:

B. Beijing: 40°N, 116°E

C. Cairo: 30°N, 31°E

CT. Cape Town: 34°S, 18°E

H. Hong Kong: 22°N, 114°E

J. Jakarta: 6°S, 106°E

LA. Los Angeles: 34°N, 118°W

LI. Lima: 12°S, 77°W

LO. London: 51°N, 0°W

MC. Mexico City: 19°N, 99°W

MO. Moscow: 55°N, 37°E

MU. Mumbai: 19°N, 72°E

NA. Nairobi: 1°S, 37°E

NO. New Orleans: 30°N, 90°W

NY. New York: 40°N, 74°W

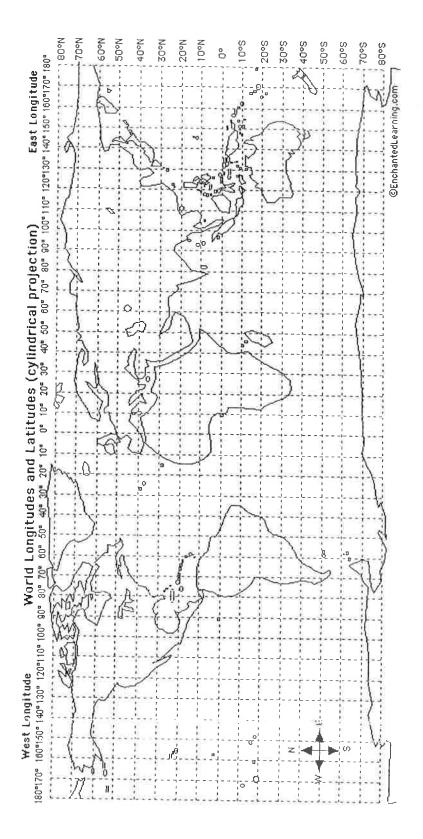
R, Rio de Janeiro: 23°S, 43°W

SE. Seattle: 47°N, 122°W

SY. Sydney: 34°S, 151°E

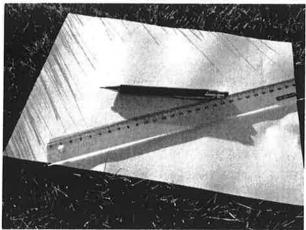
TK. Tokyo: 35°N, 139°E

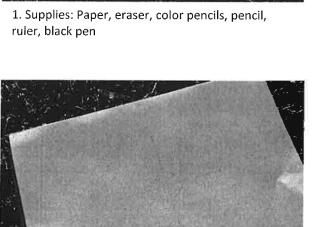
T. Toronto: 43°N, 79°W



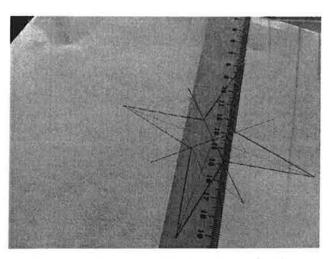
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### How to Draw a Beautiful Compass Rose

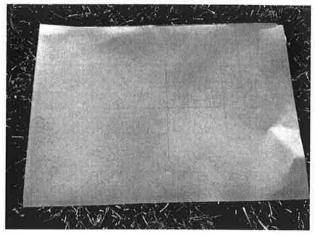




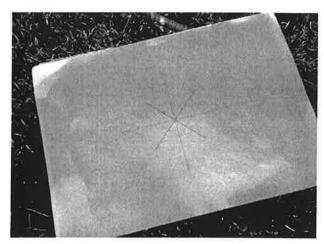
3. Make a perfect square using the ruler- measure 2 centimeters from the middle.



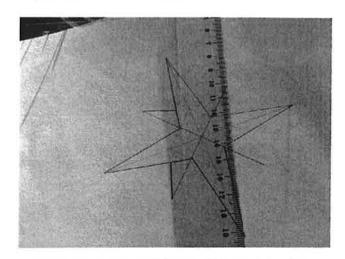
5. Next, make the big star. Use the ruler and make a straight line from the tip of the star to the middle of the square.



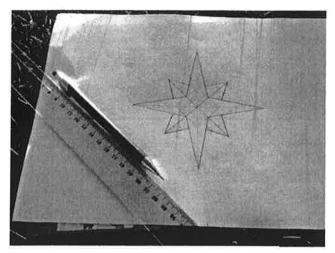
2. Draw a cross in the middle of the paper, use a ruler to make the lines straight and to measure the cross correctly. Each line is 6 centimeters from the middle.



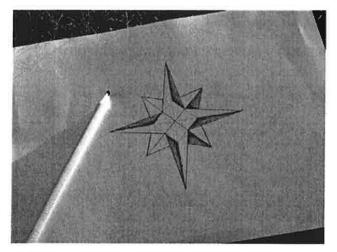
4. Measure the exact middle of each side of the square and mark it. Draw a straight line through the marks using the ruler. Each line should be about 4 centimeters from the middle.



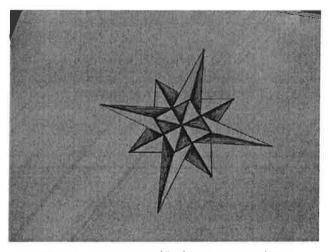
6. Now, the little star "behind" the big star. Make a straight line form the tip of the star to the corner of the square.



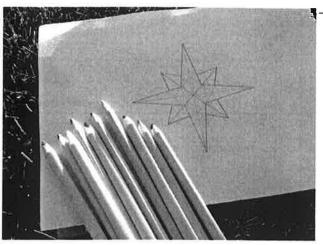
7. A very straight and nice compass rose, maybe some color???



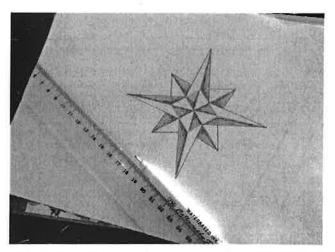
9. Press the pencil harder in the middle and then soften it up as you get to the edge of the star. This creates the illusion of depth, make it more vivid.



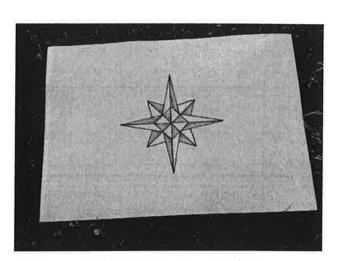
11. Last step, use a narrow black pen. Use a ruler to make line as straight as possible. Be careful not to smudge the black lines with your fingers.



8. Markers are okay, but color pencils are best.



10. Continue the procedure in every other part of the star.



12. Now, add N, NE, NW, W, E, S, SE and SW.